



Agar agar stabilized milled zerovalent iron particles for *in situ* groundwater remediation

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AquaConSoil 2015 – Session 1C.28S



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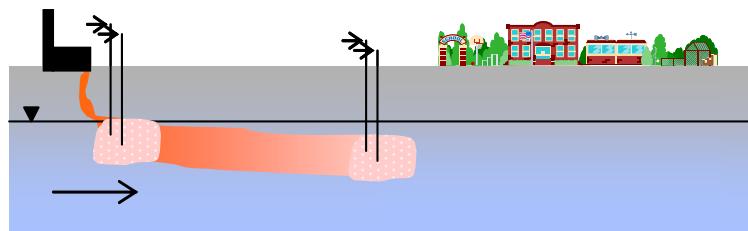


In situ reactive zone (IRZ) treatment of CAHs

**Nano-scale (n)ZVI and micro-scale (m)ZVI
(15 nm → 100 µm)**

Technique under development

Plume (*& source*) treatment



A wide range of pollutants can be treated
Hardly accessible places can be reached

Shorter lifetime

Limited mobility and stability
Non-selective reactivity

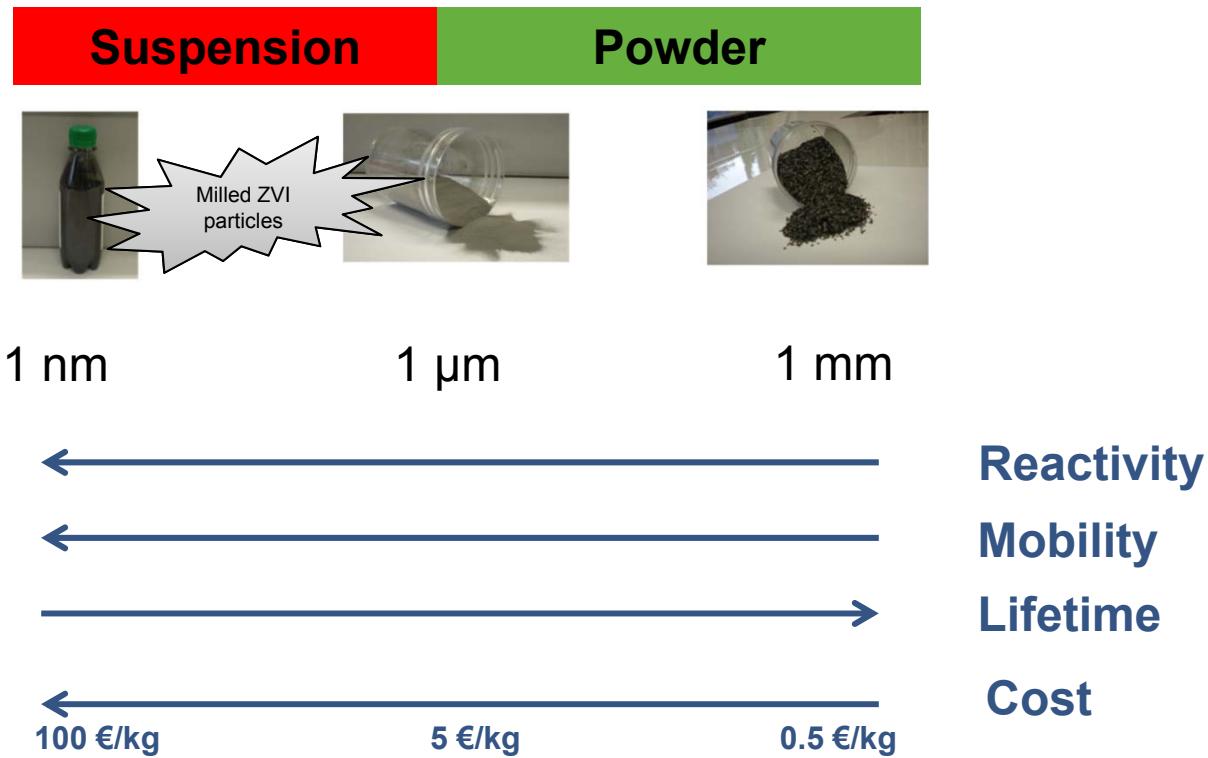


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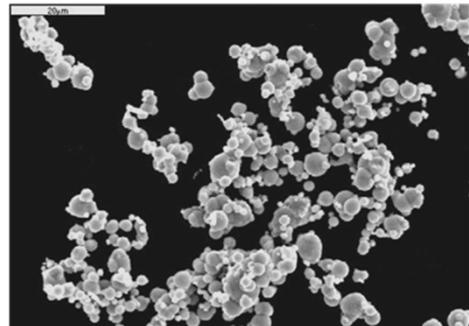


In situ reactive zone (IRZ)

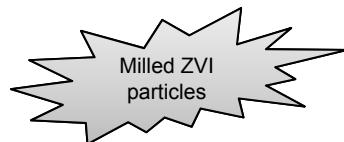
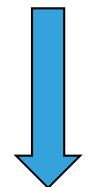
nZVI vs mZVI



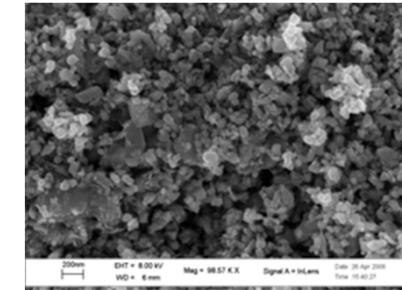
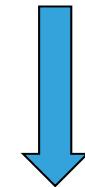
Stability of mZVI and nZVI suspensions



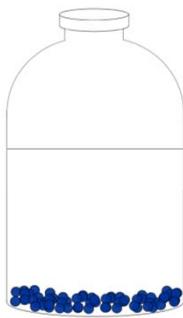
mZVI
(1-100 µm)
relevant mass



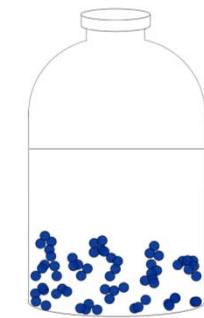
nZVI
(15–100 nm)
particle – particle
interaction



Sedimentation & Aggregation



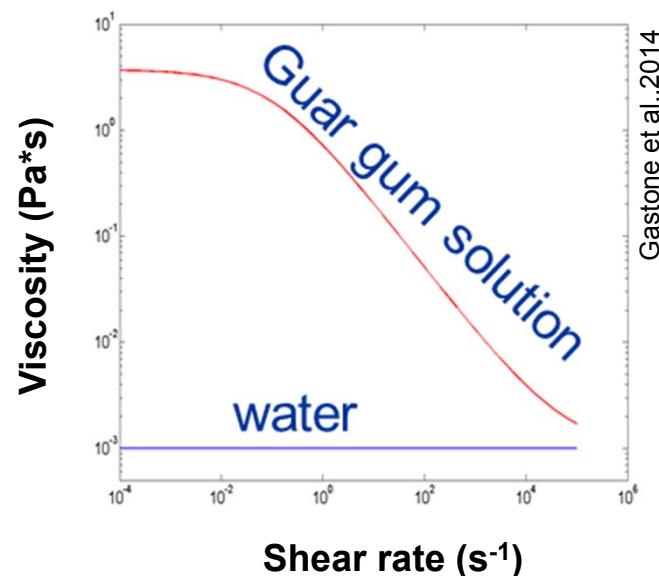
**Sedimentation of mZVI particles
in slurry reservoir, tubing
and injection wells**



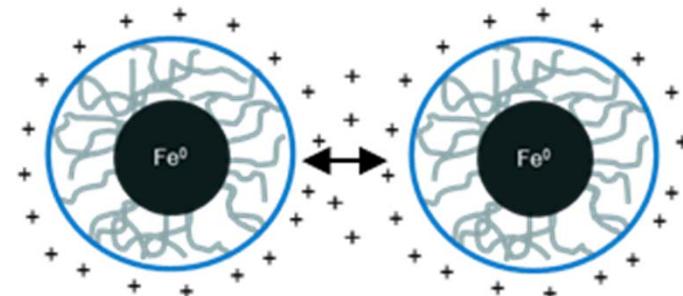
**Filtration in the
porous medium**

Improved stability of mZVI and nZVI suspensions

KINETIC: use of polymers to increase viscosity of the suspensions



THERMODYNAMIC: use of salts and polymers to increase the repulsion among particles (low viscosity)



AIM OF THE STUDY

I) to elucidate milled ZVI particle mobility-decisive properties

II) to prevent sedimentation of milled ZVI suspensions

III) to investigate mobility of stabilized milled ZVI

IV) to investigate reactivity of stabilized milled ZVI



AIM OF THE STUDY

I) to elucidate milled ZVI particle mobility-decisive properties

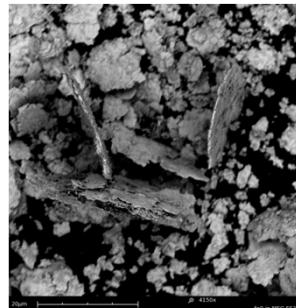
Analyses:

1. Particle size parameters:
geometric radius,
volume equivalent
spherical diameter,
hydrodynamic radius;
2. pH, EC;
3. Zeta potential of particles in
the suspension;
4. Sedimentation rate;
5. Zerovalent iron content.



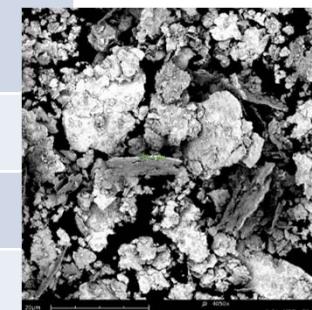
I) Mobility-decisive properties of milled ZVI suspensions

Milled ZVI particle concentration 1 g L⁻¹



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milled ZVI	
Size d_{10} [μm]	6.4
d_{50} [μm]	11.8
d_{90} [μm]	16.9
Zeta potential [mV]	-22 ± 5
Fe ⁰ content [wt-% of susp.]	~12
Sedimentation rate [m/d]	25



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Fast sedimentation rate due to the particle size and shape!

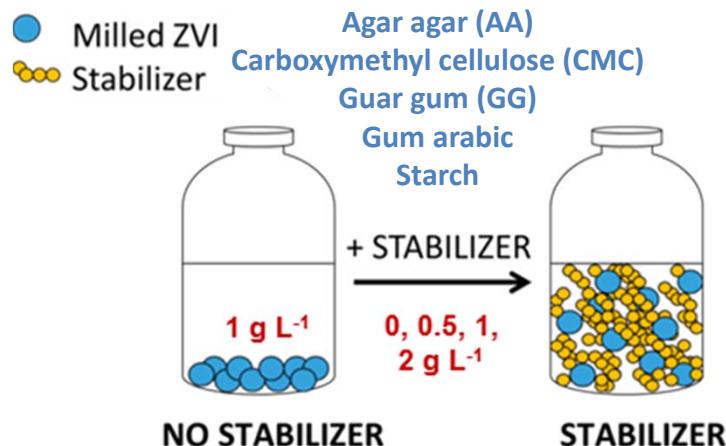


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AIM OF THE STUDY

II) to prevent sedimentation of milled ZVI suspensions

Set up:

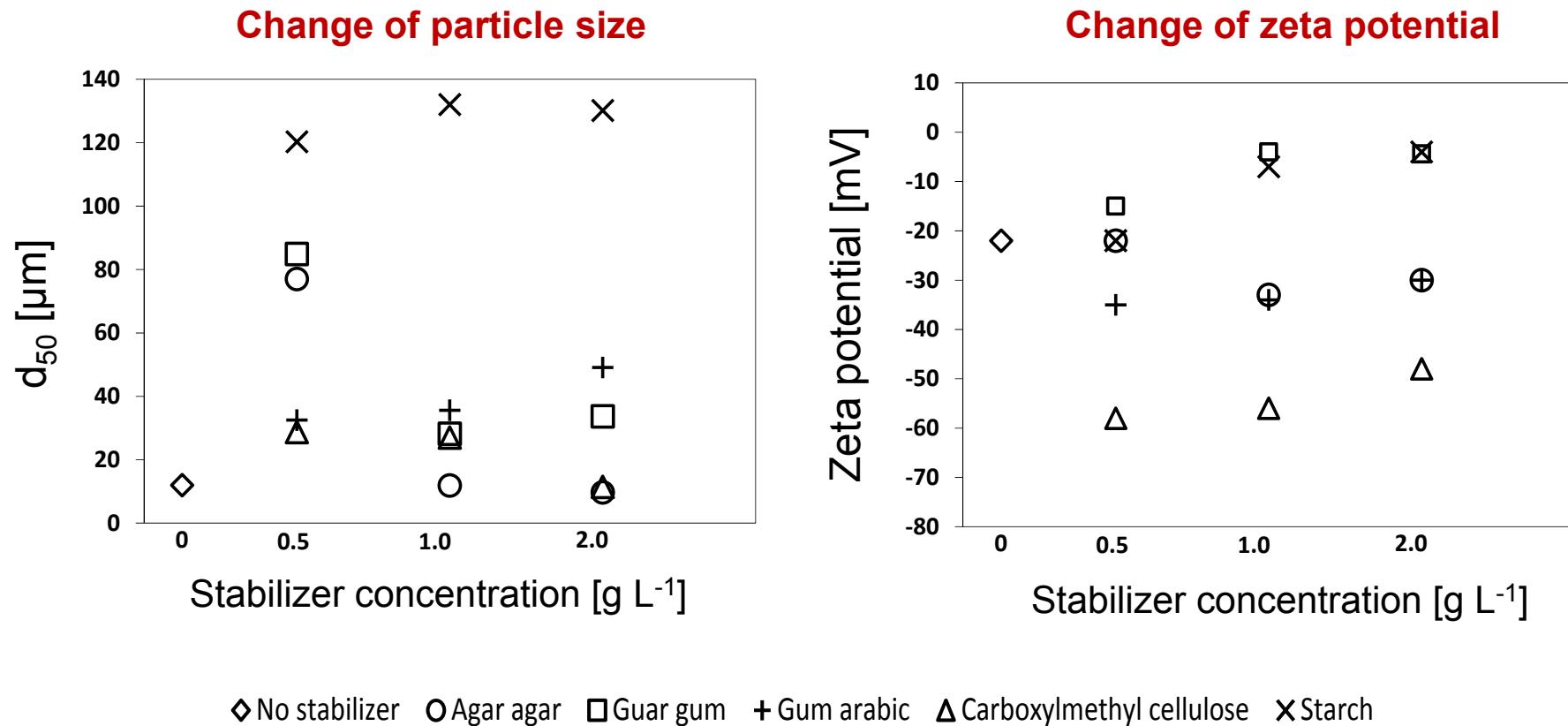


Analyses:

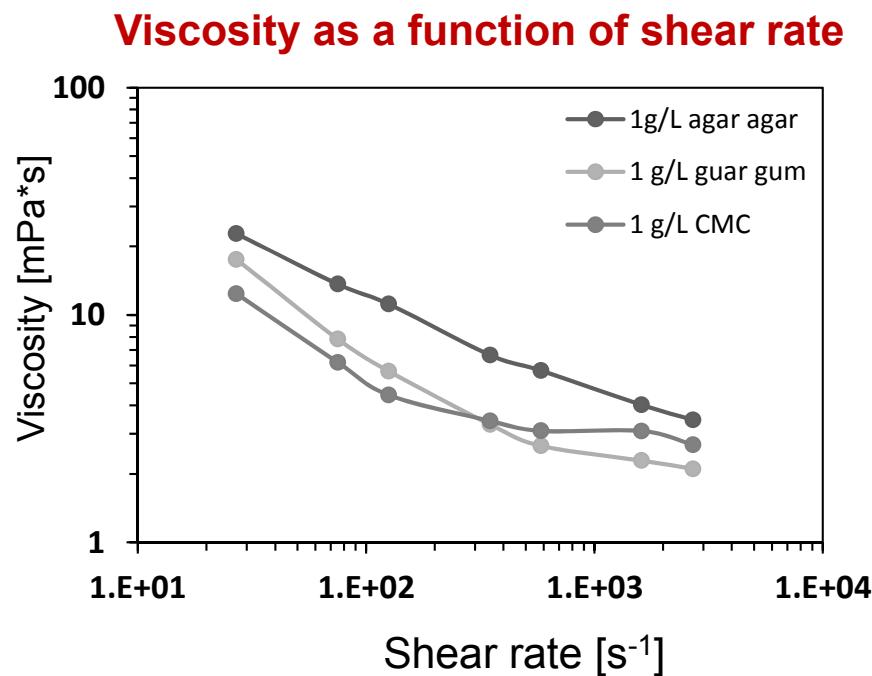
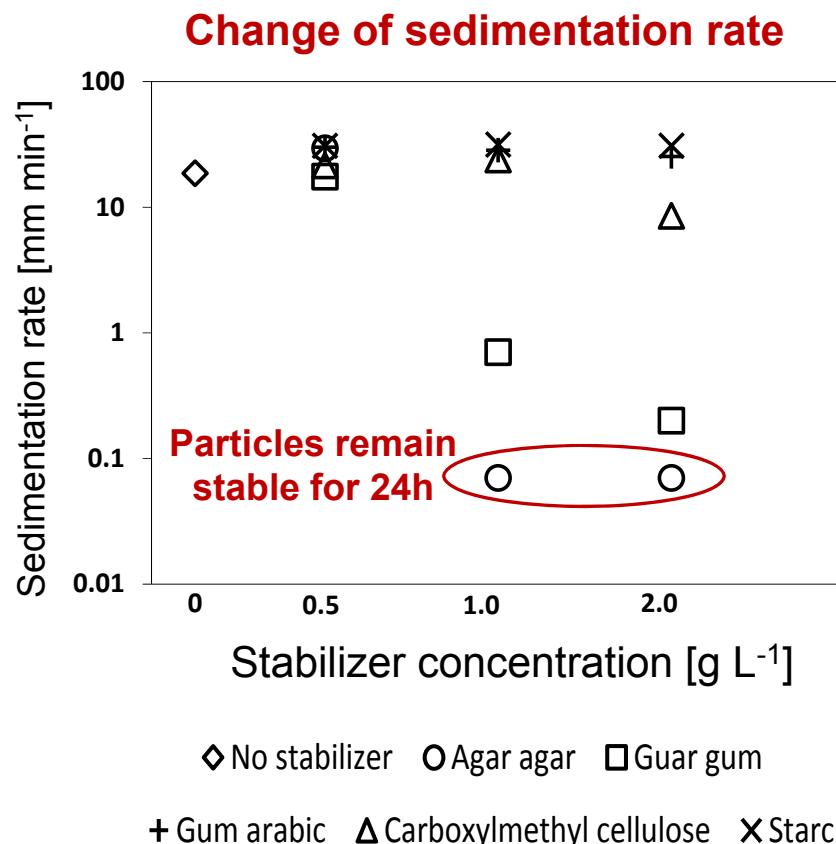
1. Particle size in the suspension,
2. Zeta potential of particles in the suspension,
3. Sedimentation rate, and
4. Viscosity of stabilizer solutions.



II) Stabilization of milled ZVI suspensions



II) Stabilization of milled ZVI suspensions



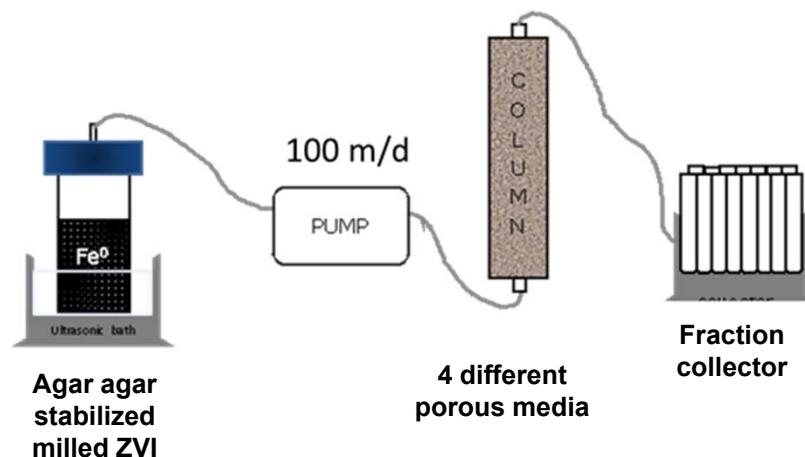
Improved stability by adaptation of suspension viscosity.



AIM OF THE STUDY

III) to investigate mobility of stabilized milled ZVI

Set up:

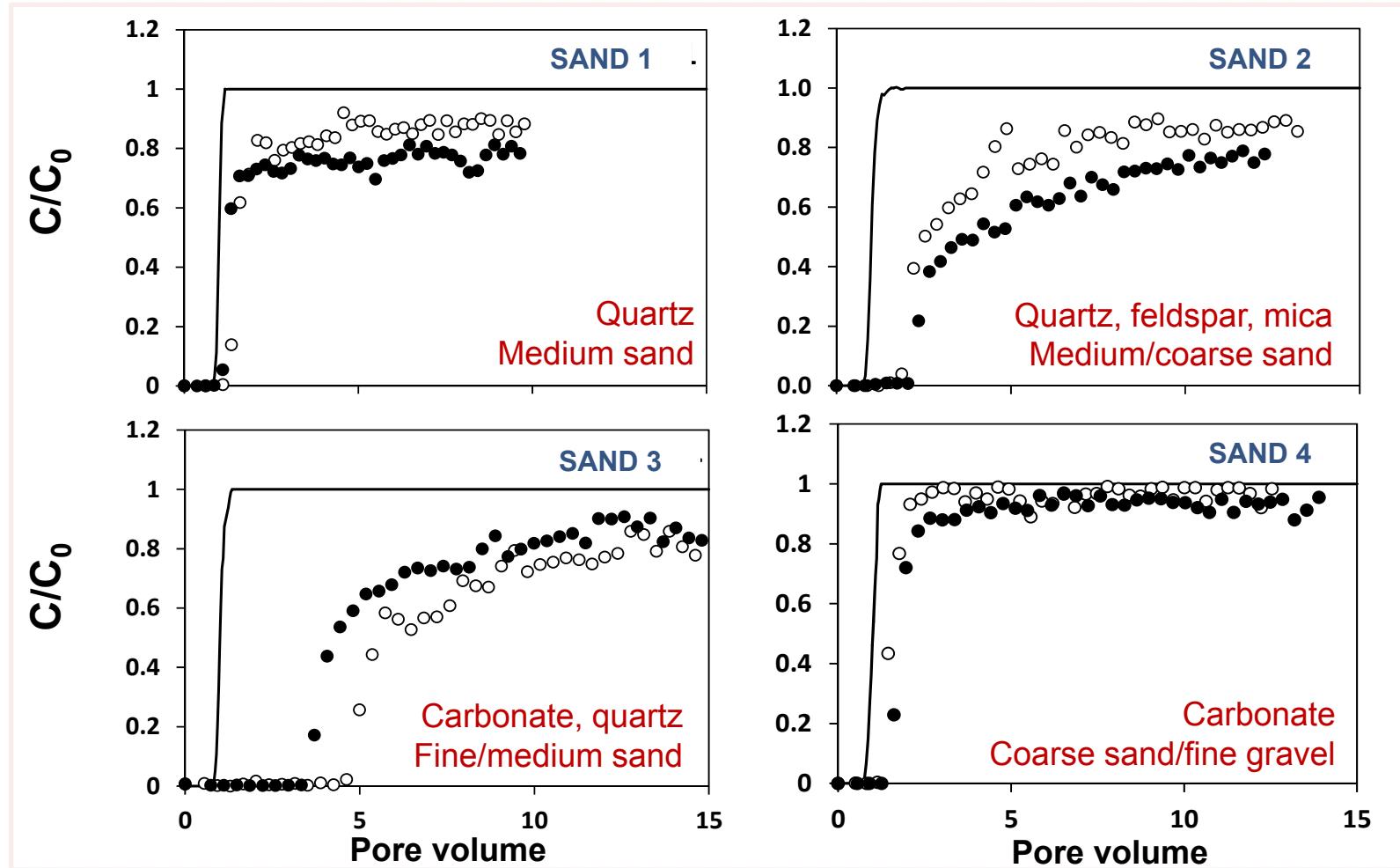


Analyses:

1. 4 different porous media: grain size distribution, mineralogical and chemical composition,
2. Zeta potential of porous media,
3. Tracer Br⁻, and
4. Total iron concentration.



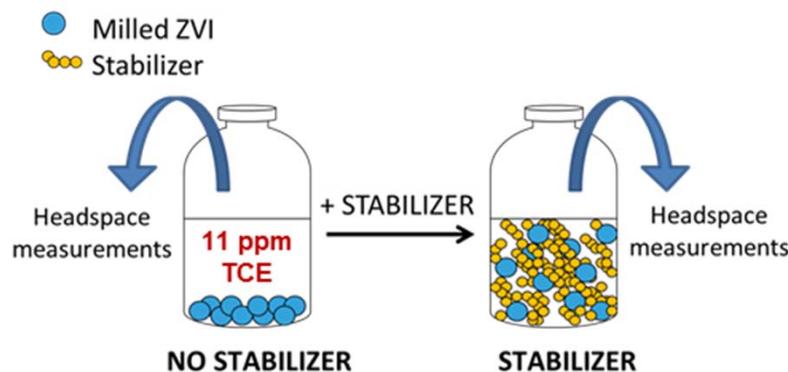
III) Mobility of agar agar-stabilized milled ZVI



AIM OF THE STUDY

IV) to investigate reactivity of stabilized milled ZVI

Set up:

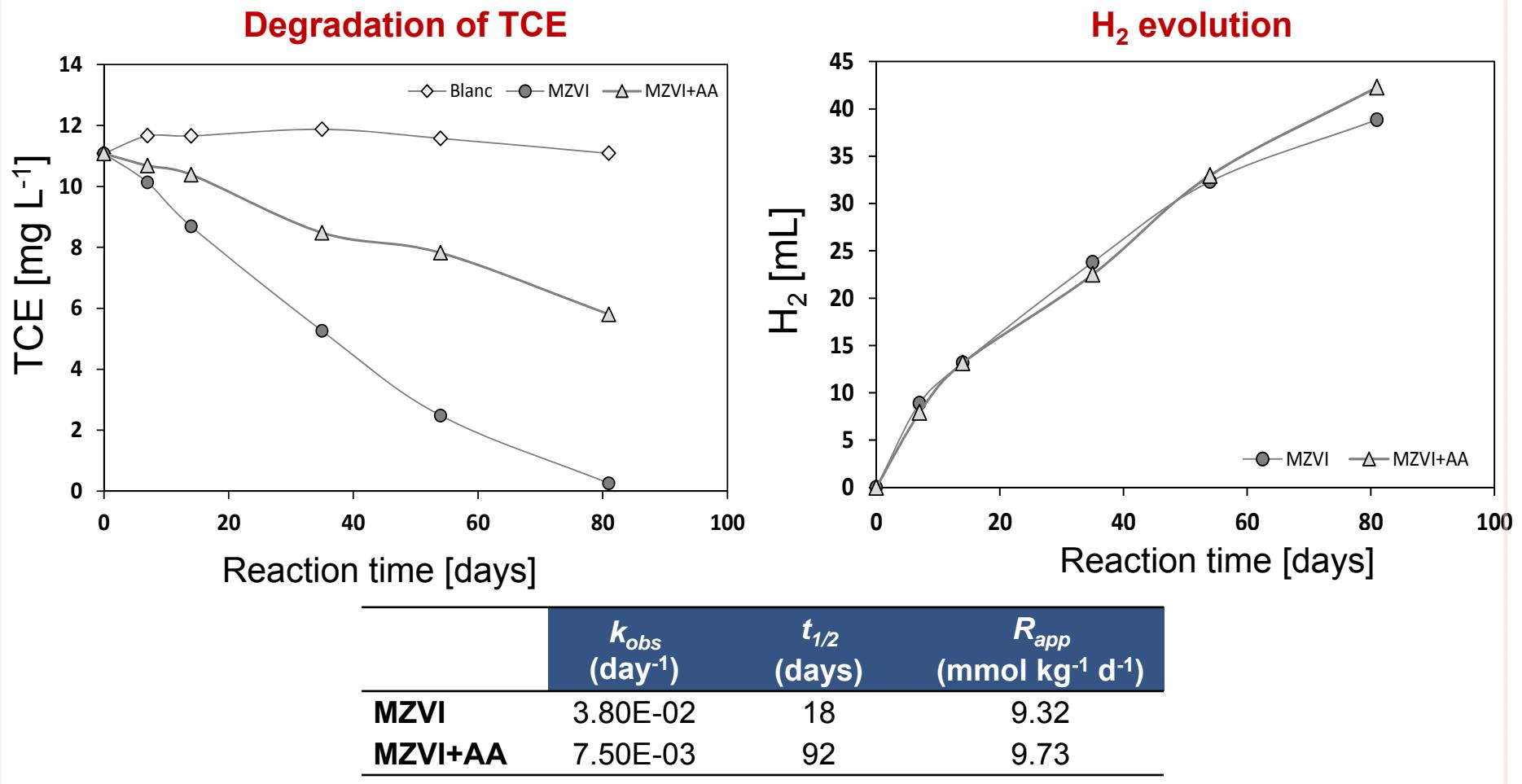


Analyses:

1. Trichloroethene (TCE), ethene, ethane, acetylene,
2. Hydrogen,
3. Cl⁻, and
4. pH and ORP.



IV) Reactivity of agar agar-stabilized milled ZVI



Implication for field applications

- The **improvement** of milled ZVI suspension **stability**:
best performing stabilizer - agar agar.
- The **improvement** of stabilized milled ZVI suspension **mobility**:
nature of the porous media.
- **Decreased reactivity** compared to bare milled ZVI:
diffusion limited process,
superior to microscale ZVIs.



NEXT STEP: field-scale test

- Reactivity and the benefits of stabilization have to be considered together when planning *in situ* application of milled ZVI particles.
- Injection and distribution of agar agar stabilized milled ZVI in the larger scale set up?
- More detailed study on ecotoxicological effects of agar agar stabilized milled ZVI after injection in the subsurface?



Thank You for Your Attention!



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